

LEFT The sculptural look of Weaver Tile results from hand-pressing the clay into a mold. Deco relief tiles are scraped, then given a highlight glaze. BELOW Like the makers of Arts & Crafts-era tile, the Cargiles of Terra Firma Art Tile draw inspiration from sources as diverse as botanical elements, Celtic motifs, and Flemish altar pieces in designs like the 'Leaf Triad'. RIGHT This installation from Native Tile looks authentic to the late 'teens or early 1920s. Creamcolor square tiles are laid on the diagonal on the counter and in straight rows on the backsplash, which is accented with two feature strips and black perimeter bands.

BACK splash PROGRESSION



THE LOVE AFFAIR WITH TILE GOES BACK MORE THAN A CENTURY FOR ARTS & CRAFTS KITCHENS.

BY MARY ELLEN POLSON

ARLY 20TH-CENTURY kitchens were centers of innovation, equipped with such technological advances as plumbed sinks, electric ranges, iceboxes, even toasters. Walls were no exception: as part of a cleanliness initiative known as the sanitary movement, the era's upand-comers preferred either plain or scored white plaster or, when they could afford it, tightly grouted, creamy white subway tile laid in a running-bond pattern, especially behind the range and any built-in worktops.

Tile also made a splash on countertops. Most early tile counters were finished in matte off-white hexagonal tile— I", 2", or 3" widths were common—or slightly larger square tiles either laid straight or on the diagonal. As an alternative to 3" x 6" subway tile, the same or a coordinating tile pattern often continued up the wall.

By the late 'teens, colored hex tiles popped up in otherwise white installations. Soon after, tiles in pastel hues (green, yellow, blue, peach, pink, and tan) were introduced. These more colorful counters and backsplashes were typically edged with box-cap tiles on the counter and border tiles on the backsplash.



TOP RIGHT Pale blue, Rothwell grey, and cream field tile from Motawi are perfect with the "Upside Downside" tiles based on a lithograph by the late artist Charley Harper. RIGHT Pale olive-green subway tiles by Mission Tile West complement the red birch cabinets in a kitchen by David Heide Design Studio. BELOW Recalling the interlocking Hispano–Moresque patterns popular in California in the 1920s and '30s, these revival tiles from Native Tile are crisply banded with architecturally correct black trim tile.





BELOW Familiar patterns from the past from Lilywork Tile display the variations and imperfections of handmade tile. RIGHT Herringbone tile from Mission Tile West is a modern interpretation of the white tile backsplash.



Art Tile Advocacy

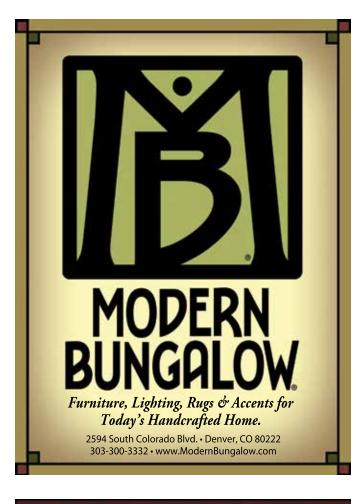
As early as 1905, at least one magazine writer was advocating the use of art tile in American homes. "For the purposes of decoration it is not always essential nor even desirable that tiles be mechanically perfect," wrote Addison Le Boutillier in the August 1905 issue of *Good Housekeeping.* "A little irregularity of shape and glaze which will give a variety of color tone is valuable ... and relieves what might otherwise be a mechanical and uninteresting surface."

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Black was a favorite for edging, as were contrasting colors. For extra pizzazz, tilesetters might add a narrow accent or feature strip in the same accent color as the edging about two-thirds of the way up the backsplash.

Few of these installations, of course, were done with handmade art tile. That began to change in high-style installations in the late 1920s, when the art-tile movement reached its peak—a perilously short period, given the ensuing stockmarket crash of 1929. Art potteries around the country thrived, from Mercer's Moravian Tile Works in Doylestown, Pennsylvania, to Rookwood in Cincinnati and Pewabic in Detroit (all three still working). The most diverse and vibrant of the period's art-tile installations, though, were found in California and the West, where the tile tradition that began in Ernest Batchelder's backyard in 1910 had exploded. Influenced by everything from California's Spanish Colonial past to recent discoveries of Mayan architecture, dozens of potteries turned out an astonishing array of art tile. Two distinctive looks emerged: the thick relief tiles in muted colors associated with Batchelder and the Arts & Crafts movement, and tiles in the Hispano–Moresque tradition, produced by Malibu Potteries and half a dozen others.

The signature piece of the matte and slip-glazed Batchelder genre was the scenic tile. Sometimes as large as 8" x 16", scenics were ideal centerpieces and quite naturally made excellent accents for backsplashes. In contrast, the Hispano-Moresque style was a native response to cheaper Tunisian and Spanish imports then flooding the market. Floral and geometric tiles glazed in multiple bright colors lent themselves to interlocking patterns that could cover an entire floor or wall, or







ABOVE Clay Squared to Infinity's 'Aquila' pattern gets its sense of rhythm from four distinct sizes of field tile, punctuated with 'Cosmic Cloud' accent tiles.

act as bright accents interspersed among field tile.

While almost every historic tilemaker working in those traditions is long gone, the art tile movement of recent years arguably is making up for the loss. And just as kitchens have long since evolved from utilitarian spaces for servants to the heart of family life, the art tile produced for kitchen and bath walls today is well suited to modern lifestyles, without compromising the authenticity of the craft.

Want to create an authentic period-look tile counter and backsplash, ca. 1925, or an over-the-top Hispano–Moresque kitchen wall treatment? Native Tile & Ceramics has you covered. Or perhaps you prefer a backsplash made in the Batchelder style, with one perfect "scenic" tile as a focal point. Cha-Rie Tang of Pasadena Craftsman Tile offers tiles slipcast from authentic Batchelder originals, as well as original designs in the same style. Still other tile makers—including those shown on these pages—continue to expand the boundaries of the movement by creating new artisanal work that's instantly identifiable as Arts & Crafts, yet unmistakable as to maker, carrying on a tradition as old as the Arts & Crafts movement itself.